



# **PERIYAR UNIVERSITY**

**PERIYAR PALKALAI NAGAR**

**SALEM – 636011**

**DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF ARTS**

*CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM*

*Syllabus for*

## **B. A. POLITICAL SCIENCE**

**( SEMESTER PATTERN )**

**( For Candidates admitted in the Colleges affiliated to  
Periyar University from 2017 - 2018 onwards )**



## REGULATIONS

### OBJECTIVE OF THE COURSE

Political Science as a discipline of study is basically known as study of the State, Government and its linkage with people. Traditionally, it covered the study of man in the process of governing himself. Today, Political Science encompasses the study of Man in relation to the State, Society, Nation and the World. It deals with not merely the structure of governments and administration and study of political theories but also it covers various aspects of human life, rights and duties of the citizens. Political Science has today entered into various aspects of day to day affairs of the Government as well as Citizens. It has assumed an inter-disciplinary character.

The course especially focuses on Political Theory, Western Political Thought, Indian Constitution, Indian Political System, Indian Administration and Local Self Government and Human Resource Management. The course brings special attention on International Politics, Indian foreign Policy, Gandhian Thought and Government and Politics of Tamil Nadu.

Political Science subject is one of the most important subjects in all the competitive Exams, especially in UPSC and TNPSC Exams. A student with in-depth knowledge of Indian Constitution, Political Science and International Politics are much better equipped to successfully handle various questions and gain crucial marks.

### CONDITIONS FOR ADMISSION

A candidate who has passed higher Secondary examination in Tamil Nadu under Higher Secondary Board of Examination, Tamil Nadu or as per norms set by the Government of Tamil Nadu or an examination accepted as equivalent thereto by the syndicate subject to such conditions as may be prescribed thereto are permitted to appear and qualify for the B.A. Degree examination of this university after a course of study of three academic years **DURATION AND ELIGIBILITY OF THE AWARD OF DEGREE**

A candidate shall be eligible for the award of the Degree only if he/she has undergone the prescribed course of study in a college affiliated to the University for a period of not less than three academic years with six semesters and passed the examinations prescribed and fulfilled therefore.

### PASSING MINIMUM

The candidate shall be declared to have passed the examination if the candidate secures not less than 40% marks in the University examination in each theory paper and 40% in continuous assessment.

### CLASSIFICATION OF SUCCESSFUL CANDIDATES

Candidates who secure not less than 60% of the aggregate marks in the whole examination in First Class. Candidates who secure 50% and above but below 59% shall be declared to have passed in the Second Class. Candidates who obtain 75% of marks in aggregate shall be declared to have passed the examination in First Class with Distinction provided they pass all the examinations prescribed for the course at the first appearance. Candidates who pass all the examinations prescribed for the course in the first instance and within a period three academic years from the year of admission to the course only are eligible for University Ranking

#### Classification of Internal Assessment Structure

##### Marks

##### Internal Assessment

Test	-	15 Marks
Assignment	-	5 Marks
Attendance	-	5 Marks
<b>Total</b>	-	<b>25 Marks</b>
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Passing Minimum (IA) 40%	-	10 Marks
Passing Minimum (UE) 40%	-	30 Marks
<b>Total</b>	-	<b>40 Marks</b>
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**QUESTION PAPER PATTERN FOR  
U.G. POLITICAL SCIENCE COURSE**

**Time : 3 hrs**

**Max. Marks: 75**

**Part – A ( $10 \times 2 = 20$  Marks)**

**Answer All Questions**

**( 2 questions from each Unit )**

**Part – B ( $5 \times 5 = 25$  Marks)**

**Answer All Questions**

**(All Units should be represented)**

**Part – C ( $3 \times 10 = 30$  Marks)**

**Answer Any THREE Questions**

**(All Units should be represented)**

## COURSE OF STUDY AND SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

S. No.	Part	Title of the Paper	Hours	Credits	Int. Marks	Ext. Marks
<b>SEMESTER I</b>						
1.	I	Tamil Paper - I	6	3	25	75
2.	II	English Paper - I	6	3	25	75
3.	Core - I	Principles of Political Science	5	4	25	75
4.	Core - II	Organs of Government	5	4	25	75
5.	Allied I	Out Lines of Comparative Governments - 1	5	4	25	75
6.	Val. Ed.	Yoga	2	2	25	75
			<b>29</b>	<b>20</b>		
<b>SEMESTER II</b>						
7.	I	Tamil Paper - II	6	3	25	75
8.	II	English Paper - II	6	3	25	75
9.	Core - III	Modern Governments (Britain, USA, Switzerland)	5	5	25	75
10.	Elective - I	Indian Political Thought (Ancient to Medieval Period)	5	5	25	75
11.	Allied II	Out Lines of Comparative Governments - II	5	4	25	75
12.	En. St.	Environmental Science	2	1	25	75
			<b>29</b>	<b>24</b>		

S. No.	Part	Title of the Paper	Hours	Credits	Int. Marks	Ext. Marks
<b>SEMESTER III</b>						
13.	I	Tamil Paper - III	6	3	25	75
14.	II	English Paper - III	6	3	25	75
15.	Core - IV	Modern Indian Political Thinkers	6	5	25	75
16.	Allied III	Political Economy of India - I	4	3	25	75
17.	SBEC - I	International Organisations	2	2	25	75
18.	SBEC - II	Social Welfare Administration	2	2	25	75
19.	SBEC - III	E-Governance	2	2	25	75
20.	NMEC - I	Outlines of Political Theory - I	2	2	25	75
			<b>30</b>	<b>22</b>		
<b>SEMESTER IV</b>						
21	I	Tamil Paper - IV	6	3	25	75
22	II	English Paper - IV	6	3	25	75
23	Core - V	Western Political Thought	6	5	25	75
24	Allied IV	Political Economy of India - II	4	4	25	75
25	SBEC - IV	Disaster Management	2	2	25	75
26	SBEC - V	Consumer Rights and Protection	2	2	25	75
27	SBEC - VI	Human Resource Management	2	2	25	75
28	NMEC - II	Outlines of Political Theory - II	2	2	25	75
			<b>30</b>	<b>23</b>		
<b>SEMESTER V</b>						
29	Core - VI	Government and Politics of Tamil Nadu	5	4	25	75
30	Core - VII	Public Administration	5	4	25	75
31	Core - VIII	Foreign Policy of India	5	4	25	75
32	Core - IX	Indian Political System	6	5	25	75
33	Allied V	Political Parties Pressure Groups and Public Opinion	4	3	25	75
34	Elective - II	Women Empowerment	5	5	25	75
			<b>30</b>	<b>25</b>		

S. No.	Part	Title of the Paper	Hours	Credits	Int. Marks	Ext. Marks
<b>SEMESTER VI</b>						
35	Core - X	International Politics	6	6	25	75
36	Core - XI	Modern Constitution (France, China and Japan)	6	5	25	75
37	Core - XII	Indian Administration	6	6	25	75
38	Core - XIII	Human Rights	6	5	25	75
39	Elective - III	Local Government in India	4	3	25	75
40	Add on course	Employability Readiness	2	-		
			<b>30</b>	<b>25</b>		
		Extension Activities	2	1		
<b>Total Hours - 180</b>						
<b>Total Credits -140</b>						



**B. A. POLITICAL SCIENCE**

**ALLIED FOR POLITICAL SCIENCE MAJOR**

**SEMESTER – I**

Allied – History of Tamil Nadu From 1565 to Vellore Mutiny

**SEMESTER – II**

Allied - History of Tamil Nadu From Vellore Mutiny to the present Day

**SEMESTER – I**

Value Education – Manavalakkalai Yoga- Common To all U.G. Courses

**SEMESTER – II**

Environmental Studies- Common To all U.G. Courses

**EXTENSION ACTIVITIES**

**B. A. POLITICAL SCIENCE**

**SEMESTER – I**

**CORE - I - PRINCIPLES OF POLITICAL SCIENCE**

**UNIT – I Introduction**

Definition – Nature and Scope of Political Science – Growth of political Science as a Discipline – the Science versus Art Debate in Political Science. Methods of Political Science - Relationship between Political Science and other social sciences.

**UNIT – II Origin and Elements of State**

Distinction between State, Society, Association, Government, Community, Nation and Nationality. Theories of Origin of the States: Divine Right Theory, Patriarchal, Matriarchal Theory, Force Theory, Social Contract Theory, Evolutionary Theory, Marxist Theory, Elements of the State – End and Functions of the State

**UNIT – III Concepts of Political Science**

Sovereignty – Definition - Characteristics – Types - Austin's Theory of Sovereignty – Pluralistic Theory of Sovereignty - power and Authority .

**UNIT – IV**

Law –Liberty – Equality – Justice – Definition – Types – Sources of Law – Law as a Safeguard of liberty – Law and Authority – Law and Morality - Rights and Duties.

**UNIT –V Political Ideology**

Liberalism – Individualism – Idealism – Utilitarianism –Socialism –Marxian Socialism –Nazism – Fascism– Gandhism

**Reference Books**

1. Gilchrist R.N., *Principles of Political Sciences*, Orient Longman Madras, 1983.
2. Appadurai A., *The Substances of Politics*, Oxford University Press, India Madras 1974.
3. Amal Ray and Bhattacharya, *Political Theory Ideas and Institutions*, The World Press Calcutta.
4. V.D. Mahajan, *Political Theory*, S. Chand & Company Ltd, New Delhi, 2012.
5. A.C.Kapoor, *Principles of Political Science*, S. Chand & Company Ltd, New Delhi, 2012.
6. Johari J.C., *Principles of Modern Political Science*, Publications Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 1989.
7. R.C.Agarwal, *Political Theory*, S.Chand & Co, Ltd. New Delhi, 2010.
8. Eddy Asirvatham and K.K. Mishra, *Political Theory*, S. Chand & Company Ltd, New Delhi, 2012.

**B. A. POLITICAL SCIENCE****SEMESTER – I****CORE - II - ORGANS OF GOVERNMENT****UNIT – I Constitution**

Definition – Meaning and Content – Classification of the Constitution: Written and unwritten Constitutions – Rigid and Flexible Constitutions – Types of Governments: Unitary and Federal Forms of Government – Advantages and Disadvantages

**UNIT – II Organs of Government**

Government – Legislature: Uni-cameral and Bicameral Legislatures – Advantages and Disadvantages – Functions of Legislature – Executive: Types of Executive – Parliamentary – Presidential Executives – Collegiate Executive – Real and Nominal Executives – Functions of Executives

**UNIT – III Process and Theories and Judiciary**

Theories of Separation of Powers – Checks and Balances – Rule of Law and Administrative Law – Judiciary: Powers and Functions of Judiciary- Judicial Review

**UNIT – IV PROCESS OF ELECTION**

Electorate: Meanings and Types of Suffrage. Constituency: Meaning – Types – Advantages and Disadvantages. Election: Direct and Indirect Election. Representation: Types of Representation. Proportional Representation – Communal Representation – Representation for Minorities – Reserved Constituency

**UNIT – V POLITICAL PARTIES AND PRESSURE GROUPS**

Political Parties : Meaning and Definitions – Classification of Party System – Single Party System – Bi-party System – Multi-Party System – Functions of Political Parties – Merits and Demerits – Pressure groups – Meaning and definition of Pressure Groups – Types of Pressure groups – Functions of Pressure Groups – Public Opinion

**Reference Books**

1. Appadurai.A, *The Substances of Politics*; Oxford University Press; New Delhi India.
2. Ball Alan.R., *Modern Politics and Government*; Macmillan; New Delhi.
3. Johari J.C., *Principles of Modern Political Science*; Sterling Publishers Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
4. Strong C.F., *Modern Political Constitutions*; The English Language Book Society and Sidwick & Jackson Ltd., London.
5. Wheare K.C., *Modern Constitutions*; Oxford University, New Delhi.
6. J.C.Johari, *New Comparative Government*, Lotus Press, New Delhi, 2010.

**B. A. POLITICAL SCIENCE**

**ALLIED - I**

**OUTLINES OF COMPARATIVE GOVERNMENT - I**

**UNIT – I**

State and Its Elements – Unitary - Federal forms of Government - Merits and Demerits – Conditions of Federalism – Secular State – Welfare State.

**UNIT – II**

Constitution – Aristotle's Classification of Constitution –Modern Classification – Written and Unwritten – Flexible and Rigid Constitution – Merits - Demerits - Constitutional Changes –Amendments.

**UNIT – III**

Legislature – Types – Uni -cameralism –Bi- cameralism – Merits and Demerits – Role of Second Chamber - Legislative Deadlocks- Committee of Legislature.

**UNIT – IV**

Executive: Types – Parliamentary and Non Parliamentary Executives - Plural Executives – Merits - Demerits.

**UNIT – V**

Cabinet: History of the Cabinet – Features of the Cabinet – Functions of the Cabinet – Cabinet and Legislation – Dictatorship of the Cabinet.

***Reference Books***

1. Strong C.F., *Comparative Governments*, The English Language Book Society and Sidgwick & Jackson limited London.
2. Wheare K.C., *Modern Constitutions*, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
3. Padmanabhan V.K., *Outlines of Comparative Governments*, Pothigai Pathippaham, Pondicherry.
4. Kapur A.C., *Select Constitution*, S. Chand & Co, New Delhi.
5. Mahajan V.D., *Select Modern Governments*, S. Chand & Co. New Delhi.
6. Appadurai A, *Substance of Politics*, Oxford University Press, Atlas Publications Pvt. Ltd., Madras.

**B. A. POLITICAL SCIENCE****SEMESTER – II****CORE - III - MODERN GOVERNMENTS (BRITAIN, USA, SWITZERLAND)****UNIT – I**

Constitution of Britain – Salient Features of the Constitution – Traditions and Convention – Crown – Prime Minister and Council of Ministers

**UNIT – II**

Parliament – Speaker – House of Commons – House of Lords – Composition – Powers and Functions – Procedure of Law Making and Committee system – Judiciary – Party system

**UNIT – III**

USA: Salient Features of the constitution – Federal System – Amendment Procedures – Separation of Powers – Executive – President – election – Tenure – Powers and Functions -

**UNIT – IV**

USA: Congress: Senate: Composition – Election – Tenure – Powers and Functions – House of Representatives: Composition – Election – Tenure – Powers and Functions – Speaker – Law making Procedure – Committee System – Judiciary – Supreme Court – Party system

**UNIT – V**

Switzerland: Salient Features of the Constitution – Federal System – Plural Executive Composition – Election – Tenure – Powers and Functions – Legislatures: Federal Assembly – National Assembly – National Council – Composition – Election – tenure – Powers and functions – Direct Democracy Devices - Judiciary – party system.

**Reference Books**

1. A.C. Kapur, *Select Constitutions*, S.Chand, and Company Ltd., New Delhi, 2010.
2. Vishnoo Bhagvan & Vidhya Bhushan, *World Constitutions*, Sterling Publishers Ltd., New Delhi, 2008.
3. Mahajan V.D, *Select Modern Governments*, S.Chand and Company Ltd., New Delhi, 2011.
4. J.C.Johari, *New Comparative Government*, Lotus Press, New Delhi, 2010.
5. P.Gomathinayagam, *Modern Governments*, Tensy Publications, Sivakasi, 2010.
6. B.C. Rai, *The World Constitution: A Comparative Study (U.S.A., U.K., Soviet Union, Switzerland, Japan, France, Australia, Canada, India, Pakistan)*, Prakashan Kendra, Lucknow, 2001.
7. U.R. Ghai; *Comparative Politics & Government*, New Academic Publishing House, Jalandhar, 2001.

**B. A. POLITICAL SCIENCE**

**SEMESTER – II**

**ELECTIVE - I - INDIAN POLITICAL THOUGHT**

**(Ancient to Medieval Period)**

**UNIT – I**

Ancient Political Thought: Sources - Social and Political Institutions in Vedic and Epic periods – State Government – Law – Justice – Concepts of Dharma – Caste System – Varnasharma Dharma

**UNIT – II**

Kautilya's Arthasasthra as a source of Ancient Political Thought – his ideas on kinship – Nature and Functions of State - Inter States Relations – Mandal Theory – King's Army – Ministers – Spy System – His views on corruption.

**UNIT – III**

Manu: Ideological foundation, Central theme and content of Manusmriti, the state, Saptanga theory, territorial administration, financial administration, judicial system, inter-state relations.

**UNIT – IV**

Thiruvalluvar's Contribution to Political Thought: Kingship(39)- Good Government(55) Tyranny (56) Diplomacy(69)- Ministers(64)

**UNIT – V**

Medieval Political thought – Ramanujar– Thulasidas -Kabir– Gurunanak- Nabigal Nayagam.

***Reference Books***

1. J.C.Joghari, *Political Thought : Ancient & Medieval*, Vol.I, Metropolitan Book Co, Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2012.
2. Aletkar A.S., *State and Government in Ancient India*; Motilal Banarasi Das, New Delhi.
3. Sharam, P., *Ancient Indian Political Institution*, Meenakshi Prakasan, Meerut.

4. Varma, V.P., *Ancient and Medieval Indian Political Thought*, Lakshmi Narayan Agarwal, Agra, 2001.
5. Thalai Madhiyavan, *NabigalNayagamValkaiVaralaru*, Kizhakku Pathippagam, Chennai, 2014.
6. Bharasnath Diwari, *Kabir*, NBT, New Delhi, 2011.
7. M.L.Ahuja, *Indian Political Thought*, Dominant Publishers, New Delhi, 2012.
8. C.Rajagopalachari, *Kural*, Bharati Vidya Bhavan, Mumbai, 2013.
9. S.M. Diaz and N. Mahalingam, *Tirukkural (Two Volumes)* Ramannada Adigalar Foundation, Coimbatore, 2014.

**B. A. POLITICAL SCIENCE**

**ALLIED - II**

**OUTLINES OF COMPARATIVE GOVERNMENT - II**

**UNIT - I**

Democracy: Definition – Meaning – Types – Direct and Indirect Democracy - Merits - Demerits.

**UNIT - II**

Adult Suffrage - Election – Direct Election and Indirect Election – Merits - Demerits – Types of Representation – Proportional Representation - Communal Representation – Methods of Minorities Representation.

**UNIT - III**

Political Parties : Origin - Purpose – Types of Parties – Single Party System – Bi-Party System and Multi Party System – Merits - Demerits – Pressure Groups- Nature, Types and Functions.

**UNIT - IV**

Separation of Powers – Rule of Law - Administrative Law – Judiciary – Importance, Powers and Functions – Independence of Judiciary- Judicial Review

**UNIT - V**

Local Self Government – Definition, Nature and Importance of Local Self Government – Functions Merits and Demerits of Local Government - Civil Services - Civil Service Commission.

**Reference Books**

1. Strong C.F., *Comparative Governments*, The English Language Book Society and Sidgwick & Jackson limited London.
2. Wheare K.C., *Modern Constitutions*, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
3. Padmanabhan V.K, *Outlines of Comparative Governments*, Pothigai Pathippaham 4/66 Redder Mill Street Mudalaipet, Pondicherry.
4. Kapur A.C., *Select Constitution*, S. Chand & Co, New Delhi.
5. Mahajan V.D. *Select Modern Governments*, S. Chand & Co. New Delhi.
6. Appadurai. A, *Substance of Politics*, Oxford University Press, Atlas Publications Pvt. Ltd., Madras.



**B. A. POLITICAL SCIENCE**

**SEMESTER – III**

**CORE – IV - MODERN INDIAN POLITICAL THINKERS**

**UNIT – I**

Raja Ram Mohan Roy- Dayananda Saraswathi-Swami Vivekananda

**UNIT – II**

Gopal Krishna Gokhale- Bal Gangadhar Tilak- SriAurobindo Ghosh

**UNIT – III**

Mohandas Karamchand Gandhi - Jawarhalal Nehru

**UNIT – IV**

Manavendra Nath Roy- Jayaprakash Naryan

**UNIT – V**

Sir Syed Ahemed Khan- B.R.Ambedkar

***Reference Books***

1. Varma V.P., *Modern Indian Political Thought*, Lakshmi Narayan Agarwal, Agra, 2001.
2. Goshal U.N, *History of Indian Political Ideas*, Oxford University Press.
3. Prakash Chandra, *Modern Indian Political Thought*, Vikas Publishing House Pvt Ltd, New Delhi.
4. Mohanthy.D.K., *Indian Political Tradition*, Anmol Publication Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2001.
5. Prem Arora, & Brij Grover, *Selected Western & Indian Political Thinkers*, Bookhives, (P) Ltd., 2005.
6. R.K.Pruthi, *Indian Political Thought*, Mohit Publications, New Delhi, 2007.

**B. A. POLITICAL SCIENCE**

**SEMESTER – III**

**ALLIED III - POLITICAL ECONOMY OF INDIA – I**

**UNIT – I**

Meaning – Definition and scope of Political Economy – Structure of Indian Economy – Characteristics of the Indian Economy after Independence – Meaning of an under Developed Economy – Causes for Under Development

**UNIT – II**

National Income of India – Population policy – population growth as a retarding factor in economic development

**UNIT – III**

Economic Planning in India – Objectives of Planning in India – Democratic Socialism in India – Mixed Economy Policy in India – Self Reliance and Concept of Self Reliance – Progress towards Reliance

**UNIT – IV**

Idea of Market – Market theory of political economy – defects of Indian Money – Factors Responsible for generation of Black Money – Violation of the policy package to control parallel economy

**UNIT – V**

Indian Agricultural Policy – Nature of Indian Agriculture – the need and scope for Land Reforms in a developing economy – Ceiling on Land holding land reforms and size distribution of ownership holdings – marketing of agricultural products - food problems and food policy in India – Green Revolution

**Reference Books**

1. Lloyd I. Rudolph and Susanne Hoeber Rudolph., *The Political Economy of Indian State*, Orient Longman, London, 1987.
2. D.D. Mishra, *Political Economics and Planning in India*, Vayu Education, Delhi, 2015.
3. Dhingral, I.C: *Indian Economy with Special References of Tamil Nadu*, S.Chand and Sons, New Delhi.
4. Farcine. R.Irankel, *Indian Political Economy, 1947- 2004*, Oxford University Press, 2005.
5. J.Dharmaraj, *General Principles of Economics (Tamil)*, Tency Publications. Sivagasi, 2012.
6. Journals, Periodicals and Newspaper.

**B. A. POLITICAL SCIENCE**

**SEMESTER – III**

**SBEC - I - INTERNATIONAL ORGANISATIONS**

**UNIT – I United Nations Organization**

The United Nations – The General Assembly – The Security Council – The Economic and Social Council – The Trusteeship Council – International Court of Justice, The Secretariat – The Secretary General

**UNIT – II Specified Agencies of UN**

UNESCO – UNICEF – FAO – WHO

**UNIT – III Specialised Agencies Related to Finance, Trade and Development.**

UNDP – UNCTAD – IMF – IBRO - WTO

**UNIT – IV Agencies for Human Rights / Labour Welfare**

ILO – UNHRC – ICRC – AI

**UNIT – V Regional Organisations**

SAARC – ASEAN – EU – APEC

***Reference Books***

1. Daniel S.Cheever and H.Filed Haviland, Jr., *Organising for place: International Organisation in WorldAffairs.*
2. Pitman, B. Potter: *An Introduction to the study of International Organisation.*
3. KalpanaRajaram: *International Organisations Conferences and Treaties*, Spectrum Books, (P) Ltd, New Delhi.
4. B.N.Mehrish, *International Organizations, Structures and Processes*, Vishal Publications, Delhi, 2010.

**B. A. POLITICAL SCIENCE**

**SEMESTER – III**

**SBEC - II - SOCIAL WELFARE ADMINISTRATION IN INDIA**

**UNIT – I**

Meaning, Definition and nature of Social welfare administration- Evolution of social welfare- Objective of Social Welfare- Distinction between Social Welfare and Social Service- Social Reforms- Social Security.

**UNIT – II**

Social welfare programme – Child welfare – Youth Welfare - Women Welfare- Welfare of the aged – Welfare of the differently abled.

**UNIT – III**

Evolution of Social Welfare in India- Ancient- Medieval and - Modern Period- Constitutional Provision of Social Welfare in India –Community Development Programme.

**UNIT – IV**

Department of women and child development –various Social welfare Legislation – National policy on social welfare- Role of NGO in Social Welfare.

**UNIT – V**

Social Welfare Administration at union level – Social Welfare Administration at State level.

***Reference Books***

1. D.R Sachdeva., *Social Welfare Administration in India*, Kitabmahal Distribution New Delhi, 1992.
2. Dubey S.N., *Administration of Social Welfare Programmes in India*, Somaiya Publications, Bombay.
3. Gangrade K.D., *Social legislation in India* Vol. I &II
4. R.C. Saxena and S.X. Saxena, *Labour Problems and Social Welfare*, Prakashan Kendra, Lucknow, 1987.
5. A.M.Sharma, *Labour Welfare and Social Security*, Himalaya Publishing House, Bombay, 1991.

**B. A. POLITICAL SCIENCE**  
**SEMESTER – III**  
**SBEC - III - E-GOVERNANCE**

**UNIT – I**

What is e-governance? – Meaning- Definition- Importance of E- Governance- Stages and Development of e-governance – E-governance process.

**UNIT – II**

Public – Private partnership for e-Governance – Difference between government and Governance – Government Database management.

**UNIT – III**

National Informatics Centre - Data Warehouse – Government Web Services – State Data Centre.

**UNIT – IV**

Digitalization of State and District Administration – Bridging and Digital Divide.

**UNIT – V**

Cyber Law and e-governance – Legal Status for Digital Transactions – Information Technology.

**Reference Books**

1. Satyanarayanan. J., *E-Government – The science of the possible*, Prentice Hall of India (PVT), New Delhi, 2003.
2. Kenneth Kennison and Deepak Kumar., (Eds) : *IT Experience in India*; Bridging the Digital Divide, Sage Publication, New Delhi, 2004.
3. R.P.Sinha, *E-Governance in India: Initiatives and Issues*, Concept Publishing Company, New Delhi, 2006.
4. S. Pankaj, *Electronic Governance*, A.P.H. Publishing Corporation, New Delhi, 2008.
5. ITAct, Government of India, [www.mit.gov.in](http://www.mit.gov.in)
6. Website of Tamil Nadu , [www.tn.gov.in](http://www.tn.gov.in)
7. <http://meity.gov.in/content/e-governance>

**B. A. POLITICAL SCIENCE**

**SEMESTER – III**

**NMEC - I - OUTLINES OF POLITICAL THEORY - I**

**UNIT – I**

Meaning – Nature and Scope of Political Science – Relations with other Social sciences – Is Politics Art or Science.

**UNIT – II**

Politics and Ethics – State – Government – Society, Nationality and Nation – Significance of the study of Political Science.

**UNIT – III**

Essential Elements of the State – Origin of the State – Evolution of the State – Different Theories of the State.

**UNIT – IV**

Sovereignty – Definition – Characteristics – Types – Austin's Theory of Sovereignty – Power- Authority – Political obligation.

**UNIT – V**

Law – Liberty – Equality: Definition – Types – Sources of Law – Law as a safeguard of Liberty – Justice – Rights – Fundamental Rights – Human Rights

***Reference Books***

1. Appadurai A., *A Substance of Politics*; Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
2. Gilchrist.R.N: *Principles of Political Science*; Orient Longman, London.
3. JohriJ.C., *Principles of Modern Political Science*; Sterling Publishers Private Ltd, New Delhi,2007.
4. Amal Ray and Mohit Bhattacharya: *Political Theory – Ideas and Institutions*: The World Press Private Ltd, New Delhi, 2013.

**B. A. POLITICAL SCIENCE****SEMESTER – IV****CORE – V - WESTERN POLITICAL THOUGHT****UNIT – I**

Origin of Political Thought – Features of Greek Political Thought – Plato – Works of Plato – Concept of Justice – Plato's Idea of communism – Aristotle – Works of Aristotle – Classification of Constitution – Views on Slavery, Citizenship, Property, Revolution – Justice

**UNIT – II**

Medieval Political Thought: Polybius – Cicero – St. Thomas Aquinas – St. Augustine – Their Contribution to political thought

**UNIT – III**

Political Thought of Marsiglio of Padua, Machiavelli and Montesquieu

**UNIT – IV**

Thomas Hobbes – His writings – Views on Human Nature and State of Nature – Social Contract Theory – Concept of Society – John Locke – His works – Views on Human Nature and State of Nature – Social Contract – Classification of Government – J.J. Rousseau – Life and His Works - State of Nature and Social Contract – Theory of General Will – His views on Education – Individualism and Absolutism – Estimate of Rousseau.

**UNIT – V**

Bentham – Utilitarianism – Political Ideas – Pain and Pleasure Theory – Parliamentary Reforms – Jail Reforms – Theory of punishment and Rewards – Municipal Reforms – Estimate – J.S. Mill – His Life and Works – Liberalism – Contribution to political thought – Karl Marx : Early Life and Influences – Main Ideas of Marx's Political Philosophy.

***Reference Books***

1. Ebenstein William: *Great Political Thinkers – Plato to Present*, Oxford and IBH Publishing Co. New Delhi.
2. Sabine G., *History of Political Theory*, Oxford and IBH Publishing Co; New Delhi.
3. Gupta .R.C: *The great political Thinkers*; Lakshmi Narayan Agarwal, Agra.
4. PremArora and Brij Grover: *Political Thought* Cosmos Book Hieve (P) Ltd., East Patel Nagar, New Delhi.

5. Lawrence C. Wallar, Gettel's *History of Political Thought*, Surjeet Publication, New Delhi, 1981.
6. P.G.Das, *History of Political Thought*, New central Book Agency, Pvt. Ltd., London, 2013.
7. Suresh CH.Pant, *History of Western Political Thought*, Prakashan Kendra, Lucknow, 1988.



**B. A. POLITICAL SCIENCE**

**SEMESTER – IV**

**ALLIED - IV - POLITICAL ECONOMY OF INDIA – II**

**UNIT – I**

Foreign Trade in India – Importance of Foreign trade for developing economy – Foreign trade since Independence – Composition of India's Foreign Trade – Import Policy – Export Policy – An Analysis of trades in Exports and Imports – Balance of Payments and Theories

**UNIT – II**

Indian Banking System – Functions of Reserve Bank of India and Control of credit (Monetary Policy) India and the International Monetary Fund (Paper Gold Special drawing rights) India and the World Bank – Exchange of Control

**UNIT – III**

Economic Development and Industry – Industrial Policy and Industrial Development in India – Role of Technology in Large Scale Industries – Small Scale and cottage industries

**UNIT – IV**

Labour Efficiency – Causes for Labour Inefficiency in India – Remedial Measures for Labour inefficiency – Industrial Labour – Features of Industrial Labour – Industrial Disputes – Causes for Industrial Disputes. Methods of Settling Industrial Disputes - Labour Legislation and Social Security – Defects of Labour Legislation – The minimum wages Act 1948. A Critical Estimate - Social Security.

**UNIT – V**

Political Stability – Structural Reforms – Liberalisation – Privatization – Globalization – Its impacts in Indian Society – Third World Countries

***Reference Books***

1. R.Dutt&Sundaram.K P.M., *Indian Economy* S.Chand and Company Ltd, New Delhi.
2. Raw V.Laskhman, *Essays on Indian Economy*, Ashishas Publications, New Delhi.
3. KalpanaRajaram (Ed.) *Indian Economy*, Spectrum Books Pvt Ltd New Delhi.
4. Sankaran S., *Indian Economy – Problems Policies and Development*, Margham Publications, Madras.

**B. A. POLITICAL SCIENCE**

**SEMESTER – IV**

**SBEC - IV - DISASTER MANAGEMENT**

**UNIT – I**

Disaster Management- Meaning, Definition and Importance of Disaster Management- Phases of Disaster

**UNIT – II**

Types of Disaster- Natural Disasters- Earthquakes - Floods – Landslides – Cyclones Tsunami- Urban Floods- Implications– Preventive and Mitigation Measures.

**UNIT – III**

Man-Made Disasters- Nuclear Disaster-Chemical Disaster-Biological Disaster – Road Accidents- Implications- Preventive and Mitigation Measures.

**UNIT – IV**

Disasters in India: an overview National Disaster Management Policy-National Disaster Management Authority (NDMA)- National Disaster Responsive Force(NDRF).

**UNIT – V**

Disasters in Tamil Nadu- an overview- Revenue Administration, Disaster Management and Mitigation Department - Various Disasters in Tamil Nadu and its Impact and Public Response

***Reference Books***

1. Official Websites of Disaster Management
2. Harsh K.Gupta, *Disaster Management*, University Press (P) Ltd., Hyderabad, 2003.
3. A.K Jain, *Practical Guide to Disaster Management*.
4. Anna Institute of Management Material on Disaster Management, 2005.

**B. A. POLITICAL SCIENCE**

**SEMESTER – IV**

**SBEC - V - CONSUMER RIGHTS PROTECTION**

**UNIT – I**

Meaning and Nature of Consumer – Consumer: Definition – and scope -Who is Consumer? Who is not a consumer?

**UNIT – II**

Consumer- General Perspectives – Development of Consumerism in India - the Consumer Protection – Act 1986 (CPA) – Consumer Courts-Jurisdictions, Powers and Functions

**UNIT – III**

Consumer of Goods – Meaning of Defects in Goods – Standard of Purity, Quality and Potency, Statutes: Food and Drugs, Engineering and Electrical Goods – Supply and Distribution of Goods

**UNIT – IV**

Services – Deficiency – Meaning – Professional Services – Medical Services – How to Determine negligence

**UNIT – V**

Violation of Statute – Denial of Medical Service: Violation of Human Rights – Consumer for a under CPA:

***Reference Books***

1. Saraf D.N., *Law of Consumer Protection in India* (1995), Tripathi, Bombay.
2. P.K.Majundhar, *The Law of Consumer Protection in India* (1998); Orient Publishing Co., New Delhi.
3. Avtar Singh, *The Law of Consumer Protection: Principles and Practice* (2000) Eastern Book Co., Lucknow.
4. Viswanathan V.N: *Consumer Rights in Service Sector*; Concept Publishers, New Delhi.

**B. A. POLITICAL SCIENCE**

**SEMESTER – IV**

**SBEC - VI - HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT**

**UNIT – I**

Nature and Scope of Human Resource Management- Objectives and Importance of Human Resource Management- Features of Human Resource Management

**UNIT – II**

Concept of Training- Need for Training- Importance of Training- Benefits of Training- Types of Training

**UNIT – III**

Job Evaluation- Job Satisfaction- Human Relations - Labour Welfare.

**UNIT – IV**

Discipline and Grievance- Morale- Quality of Work Life.

**UNIT – V**

Work Environment - Management of Stress and Burnout

**Reference Books**

1. C.B.Gupta, *Human Resource Management*, Sultan, Chand & Sons, New Delhi, 2007.
2. Radha, *Human Resource Management*, Prsanna Publication, Chennai, 2011.
3. Radha, *Management Thoughts*, Prsanna Publication, Chennai, 2012.
4. Radha, *Principles of Management* (Tamil) Presenna Publications, Chennai, 2012.

**B. A. POLITICAL SCIENCE**

**SEMESTER – IV**

**NMEC - II - OUTLINES OF POLITICAL THEORY – II**

**UNIT – I**

Ideology of Leftists: Marxist Ideology – Leninist Ideology – Stalinist Ideology – Maoist Ideology

**UNIT – II**

Liberalism – Idealism – Utilitarianism – Individualism – Gandhism

**UNIT – III**

Democracy: Meaning – Types – Prerequisites of Democracy – Merits and Demerits – Secularism – Public Opinion

**UNIT – IV**

Justice – Meaning and Nature – Theories of justice – kinds of justice – rights: types of rights – fundamental rights

**UNIT – V**

International Organizations: League of Nation – Organization – Powers – Functions – UNO : Organisations – Powers and functions – Regional Organozations – NATO – ASEAN- SAARC

***Reference Books***

1. Appadurai A., *A Substance of Politics*; Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
2. Gilchrist R.N., *Principles of Political Science* Orient Longman, London.
3. Johari J.C., *Principles of Modern Political Science*, Sterling Publishers Private Ltd., New Delhi.
4. Amal Ray and Mohit Bhattacharya, *Political Theory – Ideas and Institutions*: The World Press (P) Ltd., Calcutta.

**B. A. POLITICAL SCIENCE**

**SEMESTER – V**

**CORE – VI - GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS OF TAMIL NADU**

**UNIT – I**

Origin of Indian National Movement – Growth of Indian National Congress till 1952 in Tamil Nadu , Non Co-operation Movement in Tamil Nadu , Prominent Tamil Nadu Nationalist – VOC – Subramania Baharathi

**UNIT – II**

Origin of Justice Party – Emergence of Non Brahmin Movement – achievements, causes and decline of justice party, Home Rule League – 1937 Election and Raja Gopalachari's Ministry and his policies – Estimate

**UNIT – III**

Self Respect Movement under E.V.R, - His Probest for the cause of Non Brahmins against Brahmin community – Dravida Khazagam – Origin of DMK – Policies and programmes – Language policy – Electoral alliances – Center State relationship – President's Rule

**UNIT – IV**

1952 General Election – Circumstances that led to the formation of Congress Ministry under Rajaji – K.Kamaraj as Chief Minister – Industrial Policy under M.Bhaktavachalam – the Language issue – cause for the decline of Congress

**UNIT – V**

1967 General Election – DMK's Victory – The Socio - Economic Policies of DMK leadership of M.Karnanidhi – Emergence of AIADMK – MGR and J.Jayalaitha – their ministries – growth of other political parties in Tamil Nadu – Electoral Alliance – SriLankan Problems – Cauvery water dispute - Tamil Nadu under president rule – An Estimate

**Reference Books**

1. Baker C.J., *The politics of South India 1920-1937*, Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi.
2. Hardgrave Jr. R.L., *The Dravidian Movement*, Popular Prakasam, New Delhi, 1968.
3. Narendra Subramanian, *Ethnicity and Populist Mobilization*, New Delhi, Oxford.
4. Annual Report of the Government, MIDS.
5. Journals, Periodicals, and Newspapers.
6. Ramamurthy P., *The Freedom Struggle & Dravidian Movement*, Orient Longman Pvt Ltd, Mumbai.

**B. A. POLITICAL SCIENCE****SEMESTER – V****CORE – VII - PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION****UNIT – I**

Meaning – Nature and scope of Public Administration – Private and Public Administration – Public Administration and other Social Sciences – Public Administration: Arts or Science – New Public Administration

**UNIT – II**

Organization – Types of Organization – Principles of organization – Staff, Line and Auxiliary agencies – Departments – Public Corporations – the Bureau, Board, Commissions – Field Establishments – Independent Regulatory Commission

**UNIT – III**

Leadership: Need for Leadership – Meaning, Nature and Objective of Leadership – Qualities of Leadership – Policy Formation: Meaning – Its significance – Policy formation in India – Decision Making: Basis and Problems of Decision Making – How to make decision – Planning – co-ordination – communication – meaning and significance of communication – Essentials of communication – difficulties and barriers – Supervision – meaning and significance of supervision – qualities of supervisor

**UNIT – IV**

Personnel Administration: Position Classification – Meaning – Classification of positions – Rank classifications – Recruitment – Importance and problems of recruitment – Kothari Committee Report – Scheme of competitive exam – UPSC - Training: meaning and objectives of training – Types of training – Training in India – Training for IAS – Training for IPS – Administrative Staff College – Promotion: Principles – of Promotion – Retirement: Types of retirement – Benefits of retirement – discipline

**UNIT – V**

Financial Administration: Budget – Preparation of Budget – Budget Enactment – Execution – Auditing and accounting – Control over public administration – legislative, executive and judicial controls

**Reference Books**

1. Avasthi Maheswari, **Public Administration**, LaskhmiNarainAgarwal, Agra.
2. Vishnoo Bhagvan & Vidhy Bhushban, **Public Administrations**, S.Chand and Company Ltd, Ram Nagar, New Delhi.
3. Mohit Bahttacharya, **Public Administration**, Structures, Process and Behaviour, The World Press (P) Ltd, Calcutta.
4. G.Venkatesan, **Public Administration (Principles, Practices and Perspectives)**, V.C. Publications, Rajapalayam, 2009.

**B. A. POLITICAL SCIENCE**

**SEMESTER – V**

**CORE – VIII - FOREIGN POLICY OF INDIA**

**UNIT – I**

Meaning of Foreign Policy- Determinants of Foreign Policy – Evolution of Foreign Policy- Objective of India's Foreign Policy.

**UNIT – II**

Development of Foreign Policy: Role of Jawaharlal Nehru, Indira Gandhi, Vajpayee and I.K.Gujral in Making of Foreign Policy.

**UNIT – III**

Relations with major powers – U.S.A – Russia – Britain – China

**UNIT – IV**

Relations with India's neighbours – Pakistan – Bangladesh – Nepal – Srilanka – Bhutan

**UNIT – V**

India's approach to Contemporary Global Issues: Terrorism – Nuclear Weapons – UN Reforms – Globalization – Non Alignment- Regional Co-cooperation -SAARC

***Reference Books***

1. Jha N.K., *India's Foreign Policy in a Changing World*, South Asian Publishers, New Delhi.
2. Dutt.V.P., *Domestic Imperatives in Foreign Policy*, Vikas Publishers; New Delhi.
3. Bandyo Padhyaya J., *The Making of India's Foreign Policy*; Allied Publishers Pvt Ltd., New Delhi.
4. Khilani R.K., *Restructing of India's Foreign Policy*, Common Wealth Publishers, New Delhi.
5. Gujral I.K., *Continuity and Change – India's Foreign Policy*, Macmillan Publishers, New Delhi.
6. Journals, Periodicals and Newspapers.
7. P.B. Rathod, *Foreign Policy of India*, Common Wealth Publishers, Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2013.



**B. A. POLITICAL SCIENCE****SEMESTER – V****CORE – IX - INDIAN POLITICAL SYSTEM****UNIT – I**

Historical background of Indian political system 1858, 1909, 1919 and 1935 Acts – Composition of the Constituent Assembly – Salient Features of the Indian Constitution – The Ideologies reflected in the preamble – Indian Federal System – Fundamental Rights and Duties – Directive Principles of State policy – Procedure for the enforcement of Fundamental Rights.

**UNIT – II**

The Union Executive – The President – mode of election – powers and functions – Emergency powers – vice president – election – position Prime Minister and council of Ministers.

**UNIT – III**

The Union Parliament: The House of people and the council of States – Composition and Functions – Parliamentary Committees – Speaker and Deputy Speaker of Lok Sabha – Chairman and Deputy Chairman of Rajya Sabha

**UNIT – IV**

The Judiciary : The Supreme Court – Qualification, Appointment and Removal of Judges – Powers and Functions: Original and Appellate Jurisdiction – Constitutional Provisions for Safeguarding the Independence of Judiciary – Supreme Court as the guardian of Judiciary – Supreme Court as the Guardian of Constitution and the protector of Fundamental rights –Judicial review.

**UNIT – V**

The State Government: The Governor as the Head of the State- mode of appointment – tenure and removal – His powers- The Chief Minister and his cabinet – State Legislature. The High Court – District Courts – Composition and Functions – Method of appointment of Judges – Its judicial and administrative functions over subordinate courts and tribunals – Union Territories – administration of the Union Territories

**Reference Books**

1. D.D.Basu, *Introduction to the Constitution of India*, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 2014.
2. D.C.Gupta, *Indian Government*, Vikas Publishing House, New Dehli, 2010.
3. M.V.Pylee, *Introduction to the Constitution of India*, Vikas Publishing House, Delhi, 2008.
4. J.R.Siwach, *Dynamics of Indian Government and Politics*, Sterling Publishing House, Delhi, 2011.
5. Peu Ghosh, *Indian Government and Politics*, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd., Delhi, 2012.
6. Brij Kishore Sharma, *Introduction to the Constitution of India*, Prentice Hall of India, Pvt. Ltd., 2002.

**B. A. POLITICAL SCIENCE**

**SEMESTER – V**

**ALLIED V - POLITICAL PARTIES, PRESSURE GROUPS  
AND PUBLIC OPINION**

**UNIT – I**

Origin – Development – Definition of Political Parties- Importance of Political Parties and Functions of Political Parties

**UNIT – II**

Types of Party System: Single Party system – Bi-party System – Multi-party System- Merits and demerits

**UNIT – III**

National Parties – Bharatiya Janata Party - Indian National Congress- Communist Party of India (Marxist) Communist Party of India State Parties – DMK- AIADMK- Telugu Desam - Samajwadi Party

**UNIT – IV**

Pressure Groups – Meaning, Definition, Nature and Types – Functions of Pressure Groups – Role and Technique of pressure Groups – Lobby System.

**UNIT – V**

Public Opinion – Meaning and its Importance – Agencies of Public Opinion – Visual Media and Public Opinion – Print Media, Social Media and Public Opinion -Social Influence and Public Opinion.

***Reference books***

1. Robert Blank, *Political Parties: An Introduction*.
2. Key V.O., *Parties Politics and Pressure Groups*.
3. Walter Limpan, *Public Opinion*.
4. Sadasivam S.N., *Party & Democracy in India*.
5. R.C. Agarwal, *Political Theory*, S.Chand & Co, Ltd. New Delhi, 2010.
6. R.C. Agarwal, *Indian Political System*, S.Chand & Co, Ltd. New Delhi, 2007.
7. J.C. Johari, *Comparative Politics*, Sterling Publishers Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 1996.

**B. A. POLITICAL SCIENCE**

**SEMESTER – V**

**ELECTIVE - II - WOMEN EMPOWEMENT**

**UNIT – I**

Women Empowerment: Meaning, concept, nature, objectives-Status of women in historical perspective: Ancient, medieval, and post independence.

**UNIT – II**

Childhood –Gender Discrimination – Adolescence – Adulthood – Chastity and motherhood - Women and Health

**UNIT – III**

Women Empowerment: – Social, Political, Economical, Educational and Cultural Empowerment of Women -Women empowerment through participation in political & decision making process and socio – economic change. Education of women: importance of women education in women empowerment

**UNIT – IV**

National Policy and Constitutional Protection for Women Empowerment -National Commission for Women- National Policy for women empowerment – 2001,Reservation for women – Union and State Legislature – Women Issues and Violence Against Women- Causes and Remedies

**UNIT – V**

Women and Laws: Equal Remuneration Act – 1976 (ERA), Medical Termination of Pregnancy Act (MTP Act – 1971), Maternity Benefit Act -1961, Domestic Violence Act – 2005, Dowry Prohibition Act-1961.

**Reference Books**

1. N.J. UshaRao, *Women in a Developing Society*, Jogan Shankar Ashish Publishing House, New Delhi.
2. N.J. UshaRao, *Social Problems and Welfare in India*; Jogan Shankar Ashish Publishing House, New Delhi.
3. Ashine Roy, *Development of Women an Assessment*, Rajat Publications, New Delhi.
4. M.Lakshmipathi Raju, *Women Empowerment – Challenges and Strategies: Foreword by Prof. V.Bal Mohan Das*; Regal Publications, New Delhi.
5. Ram Ahuja, *Violences against women* – Rawat Publications, Jaipur and New Delhi, 2010.

**B. A. POLITICAL SCIENCE**

**SEMESTER – VI**

**CORE X - INTERNATIONAL POLITICS**

**UNIT – I**

International politics as a Field of study – Realist and Idealist Schools – Bipolar System – Post Cold War Era – Terrorism as threat to World Peace

**UNIT – II**

National Power and National interest – Diplomacy – Propaganda – ideology – war - imperialism – Colonialism – Neo-colonialism – Foreign Policy and its definition

**UNIT – III**

Limitations of National Power – Balance of power – Collective Security – Disarmament and arms control – danger of nuclear proliferations

**UNIT – IV**

International Morality – Protection of Civilian Population during war – protection of prisoners of war and disabled soldiers – North south Relations – Responsibility of rich nations towards poor nations

**UNIT – V**

Challenges and Responses in the inter dependent world – Social Concerns; Population – Food – Health – Human Rights – Environmental Concerns – North south Divide.

***Reference Books***

1. H.J. Morgenthau, *Politics among Nations*, Scientific Book Agency, New Delhi, 2000.
2. A.Vandanna, *Theory of International Politics*, Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2006.
3. Mahindra Kumar, *Theoretical Aspects of International Politics*, Shival Agarwal 2002.
4. L.N.Srivastava, *International Politics*, SBD Publishers, New Delhi, 2002.
5. *International Relations*, Bookhives Publications, New Delhi, 1998.

**B. A. POLITICAL SCIENCE**

**SEMESTER – VI**

**CORE – XI - MODERN CONSTITUTIONS (France, China, Japan)**

**UNIT – I**

Fifth Republican Constitution of France 1958 – Salient Features – Amendment - Executive : President – Election- Tenure- Powers and Functions – Position – Prime Minister- Cabinet

**UNIT – II**

Parliament of France: Senate: Composition – Election –Tenure – Functions – Composition – National Assembly – Composition – Election – Tenure – Functions- Procedure of Law Making – Committee System – Judiciary – Administrative Law – Local Government –Party System.

**UNIT – III**

Constitution of People's Republic of China 1982 – Salient Features – Rights and Duties Executive: President – Election – Tenure – Powers and Function – Position

**UNIT – IV**

Chinese Parliament – National People's Congress – Composition – Election – Tenure – Powers and Functions – standing Committee – Judicial System – People's Procurator – Chinese Communal Party

**UNIT – V**

Shova Constitution of Japan 1947: Salient Features – Rights and Duties: Executive Emperor – Prime Minister – Cabinet – Diet: House of Representatives – House of Councilors – Composition – Election – Tenure – Functions – Judiciary – Party System

***Reference Books***

1. Kapur A.C: **Select Constitutions**; S.Chand and Company Ltd, New Delhi.
2. Vishnoo Baghavan & Vidhya Bhushan : **World Constitution**; Sterling Publishers Ltd., New Delhi.
3. V.D.Mahajan: **Select Modern Governments**, S.Chand& Co., New Delhi 1995.

**B. A. POLITICAL SCIENCE**

**SEMESTER – VI**

**CORE – XII - INDIAN ADMINISTRATION**

**UNIT – I**

Evolution of Indian Administration: Ancient, Medieval and Modern period, Constitutional frame work

**UNIT – II**

The Central Secretariat – Organizations – Functions – Cabinet Secretary: Functions and Ministry of Home affairs – Finance, Defence and External affairs

**UNIT – III**

Constitutional Authorities – Comptroller and Auditor General – Election Commission – Finance Commission – Attorney commission - Union Public Service Commission – All India Services- Central Services – Minister and Civil Servants Relationship

**UNIT – IV**

NITI Aayog– National Development Council – Centre-State relations – administrative Reforms – Corruption

**UNIT – V**

State Administration: State Secretariat – Organization – Functions – State Planning Commission – State Public Service Commission – District Administration – Role and Functions of District Collector

***Reference Books***

1. Maheswari S.R, ***Indian Administration***, Orient Longman, New Delhi, 2012.
2. Dr.HansRaj, ***Indian Administration***, Surjeet Publications, New Delhi, 2008.
3. Shook Chanda, ***Indian Administration***; George Allen and Unwin Ltd., New Delhi, 2001.
4. Avasthi & Avasthi, ***Indian Administration***; Lakshmi Narian Agarwal, Agra, 2011.

**B. A. POLITICAL SCIENCE**  
**SEMESTER – VI**  
**CORE – XIII - HUMAN RIGHTS**

**UNIT – I**

Introduction - Definition – Characteristics of Human Rights – Classification of Human Rights – Indian Perspective of Human Rights.

**UNIT – II**

Human Rights in International Perspective – Role of UNO-Universal Declaration of Human Rights, 1948 – International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights 1966 – International Convention on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights – Racial Discrimination -1966, International Instruments: U.N. Commission for Human Rights

**UNIT – III**

Constitutional guarantee of Human Rights in the Indian Context – Fundamental Rights and Duties – Civil and Political Rights. Human Rights Commission – Structure – function – State Human Rights Commission.

**UNIT – IV**

Women's Rights – Right to Inheritance – Right to Divorce – Right to remarry, Women prisoners – Treatment of Prisoners – Right to Education – Right to Equality in Training – Employment Career Advancement – Economic Rights: Right to Work – Right to Adequate wages – Right to reasonable Hours of Work.

**UNIT – V**

Contemporary issues in Human Rights – Media and Human Rights – Analysing the Violation of Human Rights – Identification of Rural injustices – Analysing the causes of Poverty – discovering the Realities of Various Group – Case studies and Various Problems. Problems of workers – Analysis of Family Problems.

**Reference Books**

1. Elisabeth Reichert Ed., *Challenges in Human Rights – A Social Work Perspective*, Jaipur
2. Sunita Samal, *Human Rights and Development in Emerging World Order*, New Delhi.
3. Madhav Rao L.R (Ed.), *Global Trends of Human Rights*, Sunit Enterprises, New Delhi.
4. Ram Ahuja, *Violence Against Women*, Rawat Publications, Jaipur.
5. S.K. Pachauri, *Prisoners And Human Rights*, A.P.H, Publishing Corporation, New Delhi.
6. Hingorani R.C., *Human Rights in India*, Oxford University Press, New Delhi,

**B. A. POLITICAL SCIENCE**

**SEMESTER- VI**

**ALLIED VI - INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS AND LABOUR LAWS**

**UNIT – I**

Industrial Relations: Concept, Meaning and Importance of Industrial Relations – Constitutional Framework and Industrial Relations- National Commission on Labour and Industrial Relations Law(First) - National Commission on Labour and Industrial Relations Law(Second)

**UNIT – II**

Trade Unions: Meaning, Objectives, Functions- Structure of Trade Unions-History of Trade Union Movement in India, Trade Union Finances – Registration of Trade Unions - Privileges of Registered Trade Unions.

**UNIT – III**

Industrial disputes: Origin of Industrial Dispute- Meaning, Causes, Classification of Industrial Dispute-, Machinery for the settlement of Industrial disputes.

**UNIT – IV**

Collective Bargaining – Concept, Meaning of Collective Bargaining – Prerequisite of Collective Bargaining- Evolution of Labour Laws In India: Trade Unions Act, 1926- Payment of Wages Act, 1936.

**UNIT – V**

Industrial Disputes Act, 1947-Minimum Wages Act, 1948- - Maternity Benefit Act, 1961. Payment of Bonus Act, 1965- Equal Remuneration Act, 1976.

***Reference Books***

1. S.C.Srivastava, ***Industrial Relations and Labour Laws***, Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., 2008.
2. D.R.Agarwal, ***Labour Problems, Social Welfare and Security***, King Books, Delhi, 2005.
3. C.K .Johri, ***Labour law in India***, (2012).
4. P. L. Malik's, ***Industrial Law (Covering Labour Law in India) (2 Volumes)***, Eastern Book Company, 2015.
5. Arun Monappa, ***Industrial Relations and Labour Laws***, Tata McGraw-Hill Education, 2012.



**B. A. POLITICAL SCIENCE****SEMESTER – VI****ELECTIVE - III - LOCAL GOVERNMENT IN INDIA****UNIT – I**

Local Government: Historical: Background and Evolution of the Local Government – Lord Rippon's Revolution – Royal Commission 1907 – Community Development Programme – First Planning Commission and National Development Council Debate.

**UNIT – II**

Mahatma Gandhi's Concept on Panchayat Raj – Balwantrai Mehta Committee – Study Team Report – Three Tier System of Panchayat Raj Institution – Structure of Panchayat Raj Institution – Ashok Mehta Committee Report – 73rd Amendment Act.

**UNIT – III**

Urban Local Government: Emerging Trends of Urbanization in India – 74th constitutional Amendment – Urban Government – Municipal Corporation: Structure and Functions – Municipal Council: Structure and Functions – Cantonment Board and Township.

**UNIT – IV**

Rural Local Government: Village Panchayat, Panchayat Union- Zilla Parishad – powers and functions

**UNIT – V**

State Government Control over Local Bodies – Local Finance – State Election Commission. Role of Political Parties in Local Body Elections – People's Participation and Political Problems – Reservation in Local Bodies.

**Reference Books**

1. Maheswari S.R., *Local Government in India*, Lakshmi Narasin Agarwal Publication, Agra.
2. Chaturvedi T.N (Ed.), *Panchayat Raj : India Institute of Public Administration*, New Delhi.
3. Sweta Misra, *Democratic Decentralization in India*, Mital Publication Bombay.
4. Vasant Desai, *Panchayat Raj – Power to the People*, Himalaya Publishing House; Bombay.
5. Subhach C.Kashyap, *73<sup>th</sup> & 74<sup>th</sup> Amendment Acts*; Shipra Publications; New Delhi.
6. Palanithurai G. *Dimensions of New Panchayat Government*; Kanishka Publishers and Distributors; New Delhi.
7. Prabhu. R.K., *Gandhi M.K. – Panchayat Raj*; Concept Publishing Company, New Delhi, 2012.

**B. A. POLITICAL SCIENCE**

**HISTORY ALLIED FOR ECONOMICS AND POLITICAL SCIENCE**

**CBCS PATTERN SEMESTER – I**

**HISTORY OF TAMIL NADU FROM 1565 TO VELLORE MUTINY**

**UNIT – I**

Tamil Country under Vijayanagar Rule – Nayaks Rule in Tamil Nadu – Administration - Social and Economic Life – Religion – Literature - Art and Architecture

**UNIT – II**

Tamil Nadu under the Maratha Rule – Administration – Society and development of Religion – Literature - Fine Arts.

**UNIT – III**

Tamil Nadu under the Nawabs - Navayats and Wallajas - European Settlements - Administration of the Nawabs

**UNIT – IV**

Poligars of Tamil Nadu - South Indian Rebellions – Pulithevan - Veerapandiya Kattabomman - Kallar Revolt and Vellore Mutiny

**UNIT – V**

Social and Reform Movements - Narayana Guru - Economic Drain – Fall of Cottage Industries - Position of Women

***Reference Books***

1. Subramanian N., *History of Tamil Nadu, Vol. (III)*
2. Rajayyan K., *History of Tamil Nadu*
3. Sastri K.A.N., *History of South India.*
4. Sathiyathatha Iyer R., *Political and Cultural History of India.*

**B. A. POLITICAL SCIENCE**  
**HISTORY ALLIED FOR ECONOMICS AND POLITICALSCIENCE**  
**SEMESTER - II**  
**HISTORY OF TAMIL NADU FROM VELLORE MUTINY**  
**TO THE PRESENT DAY**

**UNIT – I**

Tamil Nadu under the British – Administration – Revenue and Judiciary – Progress of Education – Social and Economic conditions.

**UNIT – II**

Role of Tamil Nadu in Freedom Movement - The Role of Women - Justice Party and its rule - Non-Brahmin Movement - Self-Respect Movement - The Role of Periyar E.V.R - Social Reform Movements - Temple Entrance.

**UNIT – III**

The Congress Rule in Tamil Nadu - C. Rajagopalachariar - Kamarajar and his contributions

**UNIT – IV**

Political parties in Tamil Nadu – D. K. Emergence of D.M.K. - C. N. Annadurai - M.G. Ramachandran and A.D.M.K.

**UNIT – V**

Cultural Movements in the 20th Century - Development of Mass Media - Development of Education in Tamil Nadu - Tamil Nadu and Srilankan problem - Development of Industries

***Reference Books***

1. Subramanian N., *History of Tamil Nadu from 1565 to the Present Day*
2. Rajayyan K., *History of Tamil Nadu*
3. Alala Sundaram A., *History of Tamil Nadu .*
4. Sastri K.A.N., *History of South India*

